

INTERNATIONAL SPACE STATION
EXPEDITION 37



KAREN NYBERG
FLIGHT ENGINEER



FYODOR YURCHIKHIN
COMMANDER



LUCA PARMITANO
FLIGHT ENGINEER

**SOYUZ
35**

1
00:00:10,242 --> 00:00:12,378
>> Good day from NASA's
Johnson Space Center.

2
00:00:12,378 --> 00:00:13,946
This is Mission Control Houston.

3
00:00:13,946 --> 00:00:15,247
You're looking

4
00:00:15,247 --> 00:00:17,450
at the International Space
Station Flight Control Room

5
00:00:17,450 --> 00:00:22,021
on this Tuesday, September
17th, 2013 as a team

6
00:00:22,021 --> 00:00:24,190
of flight controllers
watches over all

7
00:00:24,190 --> 00:00:26,792
of the systems aboard the
International Space Station

8
00:00:26,792 --> 00:00:29,895
orbiting 260 miles
above the Earth.

9
00:00:29,895 --> 00:00:32,231
On duty here in the
flight control room

10
00:00:32,231 --> 00:00:35,201
and overseeing the
team throughout much

11
00:00:35,201 --> 00:00:39,705

of the daytime hours is Flight
Director Tomas Gonzalez-Torres.

12

00:00:39,705 --> 00:00:43,843

He is watching over this
team until late afternoon.

13

00:00:43,843 --> 00:00:46,078

He is joined by Howe
Goetzleman [phonetic],

14

00:00:46,078 --> 00:00:48,147

a veteran spacecraft
communicator

15

00:00:48,147 --> 00:00:53,586

for the International Space
Station team providing the voice

16

00:00:53,586 --> 00:00:55,121

that you hear most of the time.

17

00:00:55,121 --> 00:00:58,324

The interface between the
team here in Mission Control

18

00:00:58,324 --> 00:01:01,460

and the crew on board the
International Space Station.

19

00:01:01,460 --> 00:01:04,663

The crew is made up of three
crew members right now,

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00:01:04,663 --> 00:01:08,033

of course, as the
Expedition 37 crew.

21

00:01:08,033 --> 00:01:11,337

Karen Nyberg is serving as

one of the flight engineers,

22

00:01:11,337 --> 00:01:13,472

along with Luca Parmitano.

23

00:01:13,472 --> 00:01:18,244

Those two are supporting science activities in the US segment

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00:01:18,244 --> 00:01:20,779

of the International Space Station,

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00:01:20,779 --> 00:01:23,549

which includes three laboratories,

26

00:01:23,549 --> 00:01:27,853

the Destiny Laboratory, the Columbus Laboratory,

27

00:01:27,853 --> 00:01:32,458

and the Kibo Module, which is the Japanese compliment addition

28

00:01:32,458 --> 00:01:34,894

to the International Space Station as well.

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00:01:34,894 --> 00:01:38,430

Overseeing the Expedition 37 crew is Commander

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00:01:38,430 --> 00:01:39,999

Fyodor Yurchikhin.

31

00:01:39,999 --> 00:01:44,069

He is on his fourth flight into space,

32

00:01:44,069 --> 00:01:45,871
his third long-duration mission.

33

00:01:45,871 --> 00:01:50,743
He served on a shuttle mission,
STS 112, and then he served

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00:01:50,743 --> 00:01:56,949
on two expeditions, Expedition
15, and Expedition 24, 25.

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00:01:56,949 --> 00:01:59,785
It's Luca Parmitano's
first flight into space,

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00:01:59,785 --> 00:02:03,856
as he is the 209th individual
aboard the International

37

00:02:03,856 --> 00:02:05,090
Space Station.

38

00:02:05,090 --> 00:02:09,094
Karen Nyberg support her
first long-duration flight.

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00:02:09,094 --> 00:02:14,767
But she did fly previously on
a shuttle mission, STS 124,

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00:02:14,767 --> 00:02:18,637
the flight that delivered
that Japanese laboratory Kibo,

41

00:02:18,637 --> 00:02:20,806
the Japanese word for hope,

42

00:02:20,806 --> 00:02:26,679
to the International Space

Station back in March of 2008.

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00:02:26,679 --> 00:02:29,648

The crew members on board
are supporting a number

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00:02:29,648 --> 00:02:30,983

of tasks throughout the day.

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00:02:30,983 --> 00:02:33,385

It's quite a busy
day for the crew.

46

00:02:33,385 --> 00:02:35,721

One of those tasks
is to continue

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00:02:35,721 --> 00:02:41,760

with some onboard training
associated with the arrival,

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00:02:41,760 --> 00:02:47,366

grapple and birthing of the
upcoming Cygnus cargo vehicle

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00:02:47,366 --> 00:02:50,436

that will be delivered to the
International Space Station

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00:02:50,436 --> 00:02:53,872

at the end of the week following
hopefully a safe launch

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00:02:53,872 --> 00:02:55,207

on Wednesday.

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00:02:55,207 --> 00:02:57,776

Parmitano and Nyberg
have been training

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00:02:57,776 --> 00:03:03,182
with the Station's robotic arm
to test some offset grapples

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00:03:03,182 --> 00:03:07,253
that they could encounter
to see how that can handle

55

00:03:07,253 --> 00:03:11,123
that through the robotic work
station on the Station as well.

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00:03:11,123 --> 00:03:17,129
They're using the Leonardo
permanent multi-purpose modules

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00:03:17,129 --> 00:03:21,533
grapple fixture as a target
throughout that training.

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00:03:21,533 --> 00:03:27,206
Additionally, the crew members,
particular Karen Nyberg,

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00:03:27,206 --> 00:03:32,611
has been working in the fluids
integrated rack on the station

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00:03:32,611 --> 00:03:36,615
in the microgravity
science glove box to set

61

00:03:36,615 --> 00:03:38,751
up for some experiment
work associated

62

00:03:38,751 --> 00:03:44,223
with the Advanced
Colloids Experiment.

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00:03:44,223 --> 00:03:49,228

The rack that she had to
work in has to be rotated

64

00:03:49,228 --> 00:03:54,233

and repositioned
so that she can set

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00:03:54,233 --> 00:03:58,804

up for the payload
activity, which is upcoming.

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00:03:58,804 --> 00:04:03,942

An additionally, the crew
members have spent a good deal

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00:04:03,942 --> 00:04:05,511

of time in the first part

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00:04:05,511 --> 00:04:11,116

of their day supporting some
periodic ocular health training.

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00:04:11,116 --> 00:04:14,553

Taking the, basically
the pressure,

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00:04:14,553 --> 00:04:17,856

measuring the pressure
periodically in their eyes,

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00:04:17,856 --> 00:04:26,932

as well as taking turns
working with the training

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00:04:27,966 --> 00:04:29,702

with the ocular tonometry
instrument.

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00:04:29,702 --> 00:04:34,540
Which essentially is a procedure
that's used to determine

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00:04:34,540 --> 00:04:37,309
that inter-ocular
pressure of the eyes.

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00:04:37,309 --> 00:04:40,713
So a good deal of time
working with that as well

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00:04:40,713 --> 00:04:43,382
for the crew members on board.

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00:04:43,382 --> 00:04:45,484
In addition to that, obviously,

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00:04:45,484 --> 00:04:50,489
on board routine maintenance
activities aboard the station.

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00:04:50,489 --> 00:04:55,194
But the crew members are
greatly anticipating the launch

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00:04:55,194 --> 00:04:57,096
of the newest cargo module

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00:04:57,096 --> 00:05:00,432
to the International Space
Station scheduled for Wednesday.

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00:05:00,432 --> 00:05:03,902
They'll end their day as usual
with a discussion with all

83

00:05:03,902 --> 00:05:06,138
of the teams on the
ground associated

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00:05:06,138 --> 00:05:08,507
with what's been going
on throughout the day,

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00:05:08,507 --> 00:05:11,910
and then head to bed about
4:30 in the afternoon.

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00:05:11,910 --> 00:05:15,647
They'll wake up about
1:00 Wednesday morning

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00:05:15,647 --> 00:05:17,883
to follow along with
ground on all

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00:05:17,883 --> 00:05:20,319
of the countdown
activities associated

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00:05:20,319 --> 00:05:24,289
with the Orbital Sciences
Corporations Antares rocket